<u>The Joint Local Health and Wellbeing Strategy for the population of Cheshire East 2023 – 2028</u> <u>Introduction</u>

This latest Joint Local Health and Wellbeing Strategy is:

- a re-commitment to the priorities in our previous strategy, which remain key challenges across Cheshire East and have in some cases been exacerbated by the Pandemic
- a new commitment to addressing challenges emerging since the Pandemic
- a pledge towards different, more effective and sustainable ways of working across Cheshire East place for the long-term.

When the previous Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy and Cheshire East Place Five Year Plan were published, COVID-19 was not yet known. The impact of the Pandemic on all of us and everything that we do has been significant, with lives lost, long-term health consequences for many, an exhausted health and care workforce and businesses struggling to survive.

However, the pandemic also demonstrated our ability to respond quickly and effectively, to support each other, to care, to innovate, to volunteer and to do everything we possibly could as individuals, communities and organisations to protect our most vulnerable residents. This is a positive legacy that we can build upon.

The COVID-19 pandemic has widened existing inequalities with the greatest impact on our most vulnerable residents and demonstrated the need for resilient communities and services; finances are stretched; the demand pressures on all parts of the health and care system are greater than ever, with significant workforce gaps as a result of challenges in recruiting and retaining staff. Cost-of-living increases are impacting individuals, families, communities, businesses, the faith and voluntary sector organisations and all parts of the public sector.

The Health and Wellbeing Board and the Cheshire East Health and Care Partnership recognise and acknowledge these challenges. Working together with our residents and other stakeholders is the only way that we can address and overcome them. Our over-arching goal is to improve population health and wellbeing whilst reducing health inequalities and this Strategy sets out our strategic objectives and areas of focus to achieve that over the next five years.

The Joint Local Health and Wellbeing Strategy sets out our high-level vision and aspirations to:

- Reduce inequalities, narrowing the gap between those who are enjoying good health and wellbeing and those who are not
- Improve the physical and mental health and wellbeing of all of our residents
- Help people to have a good quality of life, to be healthy and happy.

¹ The 'Joint Local Health and Wellbeing Strategy for the population of Cheshire East 2023 – 2028' is written on behalf of the Cheshire East Health and Wellbeing Board and the Cheshire East Health and Care Partnership, forming the latter's 'Five Year Plan'. 'Joint' refers to it being the responsibility of both the local authority and the NHS Cheshire and Merseyside Integrated Care Board to produce the Strategy (and associated work, for example the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment and Joint Outcomes Framework)

OUR VISION

"To enable people to live a healthier, longer life; with good mental and physical wellbeing; living independently and enjoying the place where they live."

Our local focus will be upon:

- Tackling inequalities, the wider causes of ill-health and the need for social care support, through an integrated approach to address worklessness, poverty, debt, poor housing, social isolation and loneliness
- Prevention and early intervention, health improvement and creating healthy environments that support and enable good physical and mental health and wellbeing and contribute to keeping people independent and at home for as long as possible
- Ensuring our actions are centred around the individual, their goals and the communities where they live, working with, not doing to you
- Developing and delivering a sustainable, integrated health and care system that supports you as close to home as possible.

We will take action to help improve the physical and mental health and wellbeing of the population now and in the future, investing in what makes the biggest difference to most people, focussing upon empowering individuals, families and communities to take ownership of their wellbeing with support available when and where it's needed. We will co-design and deliver safe, integrated and sustainable services that meet people's needs through the best use of all the assets and resources we have available to us.

The Strategy's primary evidence base is the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment, and it is complemented by a number of Cheshire East and NHS Integrated Care Board (ICB) strategies such as those for the Environment, Housing, Transport, Green Spaces and Digital, all of which influence people's health and wellbeing. It also considers the recommendations of plans across the wider Cheshire and Merseyside Integrated Care System, including the Cheshire and Merseyside Integrated Care Partnership's Strategy and the Integrated Care Board's 'All Together Fairer' and 'All Together Active' strategies.

In addition, other plans will set out in more detail different aspects of how we will deliver our vision and priorities. These will include a *Five-Year Health and Care Service Delivery Plan*, the *Live Well in Crewe Plan*, and the *Better Care Fund Plan*. Organisational strategies will also be aligned to the local Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy in due course, with a commitment to work in partnership to deliver against the strategic outcomes set out below.

Outcomes

We have four strategic outcomes that we are working to achieve. These are that:

- 1. Cheshire East is a place that supports good health and wellbeing for everyone
- 2. Our children and young people experience good physical and emotional health and wellbeing
- 3. The mental health and wellbeing of people living and working in Cheshire East is improved
- 4. That more people live and age well, remaining independent; and that their lives end with peace and dignity in their chosen place.

A Joint Outcomes Framework will monitor our progress against these (see page 17 below)

To enhance our working in partnership and as an integrated care system we will be:

- Demonstrating improved outcomes within a broad vision of health and wellbeing
- Enabling people to be happier, healthier and independent for longer
- Making the connections between wellbeing and economic prosperity
- Supporting people to take personal responsibility for their good physical and mental health and wellbeing and making healthy lifestyle choices
- Co-designing and collaborating with our residents, service users and people with lived experience
- Building the necessary workforce, estate infrastructure and financial capacity
- Providing strategic system leadership

Principles

The principles that will underpin our work are to:

- Put the voices of people and communities at the centre of decision-making and governance, at every level
- Engage with and listen to the seldom heard, for example young carers, cared for children, care leavers, those living in poverty, rural residents and the LGBTQ+ community
- Co-design services and tackle Cheshire East priorities in partnership with people and communities, building upon 'Living Well for Longer'
- Start engagement early when developing plans and feed back to people and communities how their engagement has influenced activities and decisions
- Understand communities' needs, experience and aspirations for health and care, using engagement to find out if change is having the desired effect
- Build relationships with excluded groups, especially those affected by inequalities
- Work with Healthwatch and the voluntary, community, faith, and social enterprise (VCFSE) sector as key partners
- Provide clear and accessible public information about vision, plans and progress, to build understanding and trust
- Use community development approaches that empower people and communities, making connections to social action
- Use co-design and production, insight and engagement to achieve accountable health and care services.

The way health and care is organised locally

The Cheshire and Merseyside Integrated Care System

Cheshire East is a partner in the Cheshire and Merseyside Integrated Care System (ICS). The ICS comprises two key components (Figure 1): the NHS Cheshire and Merseyside Integrated Care Board that, since 1st July 2022 has held responsibility for planning and funding most local NHS services, including primary care, community pharmacy and those services previously commissioned by clinical commissioning groups (CCGs); and the Cheshire and Merseyside Integrated Care Partnership (ICP) which brings together a broad set of system partners (including local government, the voluntary, community, faith and social enterprise sector (VCFSE), NHS organisations and others)to develop a health and care strategy for the area.

ICP - Integrated Care Partnership **ICB** - Integrated Care Board ICB, together with responsible local authorities to establish a joint committee, designated as an ICP. Members must include local authorities that are responsible for social care services in the ICS area, as well as the local NHS (represented at least by the ICS NHS body). Beyond this, members may be widely Chief drawn from all partners working to improve health, Executive care and wellbeing in the area, to be agreed locally. **Primary Care** (Appointed) Officer Local Authorities Local ICS and **Authorities** (Appointed) Healthwatch allocative appointed ICS Medical Director **ICB** appointed ICS Chief Non-Nursina executives Officer (X2) Social care providers NHS Provider Voluntary and Independent Sectors

Figure 1. The Integrated Care System

The Cheshire East Health and Wellbeing Board

The Cheshire East Health and Wellbeing Board was established in 2013 as a requirement of the Health and Social Care Act (2012). The Board exists to:

- Bring together the key decision makers across the NHS and local government
- Set a clear direction for the commissioning (planning and delivery) of health care, social care and public health services
- Drive the integration of services across communities
- Improve local democratic accountability
- Address the wider determinants of health and tackle inequalities.

In Cheshire East the Health and Wellbeing Board membership includes representatives from: the local authority, local NHS partners, the community and voluntary sector, Healthwatch, the Cheshire Constabulary and Cheshire Fire and Rescue Service (Figure 2).

Figure 2. The Cheshire East Health and Wellbeing Board

Cheshire East Council	NHS Cheshire & Merseyside (ICB)	Primary Care	Secondary Care	Cheshire East Community, Voluntary, Faith and Social Enterprise Sector
Cheshire East Healthwatch	Cheshire Constabulary	Cheshire Fire and Rescue Service	Cheshire East Health and Care Partnership	NHS England

The Cheshire East Health and Care Partnership

The Cheshire East Health and Care Partnership was established in 2018 and is made up of all parts of the local health and care system: the local authority, NHS Cheshire and Merseyside, NHS provider organisations, GPs, the community and voluntary sector and Healthwatch (figure 3.). The focus is on improving access to and the quality of health and care service provision, through a more integrated approach and working closely with residents, communities and the community and voluntary sector.

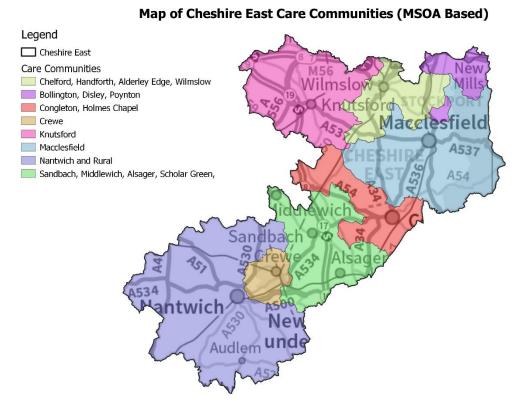
Figure 3. The Cheshire East Health and Care Partnership



Our Care Communities

Our eight Care Communities are local partnerships based around clusters of GP surgeries, working to meet the needs of residents in their areas. These will form the foundation of the integrated health and care system in Cheshire East.

Map 1. The Cheshire East Care Communities



Public Health Intelligence Team, © Crown copyright and database right 2022. Ordnance Survey 100049045

The 'building blocks' of good mental and physical health and wellbeing

Good physical and mental health and wellbeing go hand in hand with economic growth and prosperity. Whilst access to good quality health services is important, most of what makes us healthy has nothing to do with health care (figure 4.) We all need access to suitable housing, education, employment, sufficient income, infrastructure (including green spaces, leisure and cultural opportunities) and good quality information that helps us to make positive choices in relation to our lifestyles. These 'building blocks' of health and wellbeing are connected and complement each other. When we don't have a warm home or healthy food and are worrying about making ends meet, it puts a strain on our bodies. This can result in increased stress, high blood pressure and a weaker immune system and lead to ill health and the need to access health services.

Figure 4. Relative contributions to population health outcomes (Park H., Roubal, A.M., Jovaag, A. Gennuso, K.P. and Catlin, B.B 2015 - American Journal of Preventive Medicine December 2015)

Contributions to Health Outcomes					
HEALTH BEHAVIOUR 30%	socioeconomic factors 40%	clinical care 20%	BUILT ENVIRONMENT 10%		
SMOKING 10%	EDUCATION 10%	ACCESS TO CARE 10%	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY 5%		
DIET AND EXERCISE 10%	EMPLOYMENT 10%	QUALITY OF CARE 10%	BUILT ENVIRONMENT 5%		
ALCOHOL USE 5%	INCOME 10%				
POOR SEXUAL HEALTH 5%	FAMILY SOCIAL SUPPORT 5%				
	COMMUNITY SAFETY 5%				

Despite deteriorating health and widening inequalities across the country and in Cheshire and Merseyside, there is scope for local areas to make a real difference. 'All Together Fairer: health equity and the social determinants of health in Cheshire and Merseyside'², published in May 2022, sets out a strong case for reducing health inequalities by focussing upon these building blocks as recommended by the Marmot review (Marmot (2020) Health Equity in England: The Marmot Review 10 Years On³). The inequalities are unnecessary and unjust, harm individuals, families, communities and place a huge financial burden on services, including the NHS, the voluntary and community sector and on the economy. Changes in approach, allocation of resources by need and strengthened partnerships are essential. The recommendations of the 'All Together Fairer...' report will inform our thinking and delivery plan.

Many residents of Cheshire East have good levels of physical and mental health and wellbeing. However, there are still very significant issues affecting our population, some of which have been exacerbated by the pandemic and cost of living crisis.

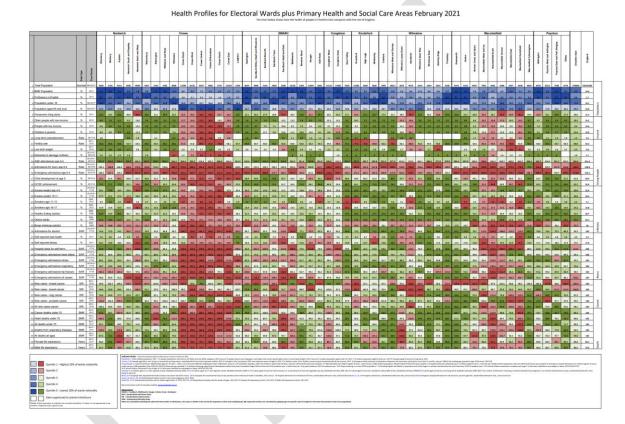
Amongst these are:

² All Together Fairer | Champs Public Health Collaborative

³ Health Equity in England: The Marmot Review 10 Years On - The Health Foundation

- The need to increase the number of people who maintain a healthy lifestyle e.g., are physically active, have good mental wellbeing and enjoy a balanced diet
- Preparing for an increasingly ageing population (by 2029 it is estimated the number of people aged 65 or over will have increased from 89,225 (2021) to 107,374)
- Improving the mental health and emotional wellbeing of residents
- Addressing some stark differences across Cheshire East that are illustrated in the 'Tartan Rug' (which shows the relative performance in the wards of Cheshire East against a series of health indicators) Tartan Rug (cheshireeast.gov.uk)

Figure 5. Cheshire East Health Profiles for Electoral Wards... (The Tartan Rug)



To improve the physical and mental health and wellbeing of our residents and reduce the demand for health and social care there needs to be a focus on preventing ill health at the heart of all our strategic plans, actions and service provision. This is also where the role of individuals, families, schools, housing, workplaces, leisure facilities and communities is vital, contributing to good health and wellbeing and preventing or delaying a need for health or social care arising.

We want to make it as easy as possible to stay healthy, supporting and enabling people where needed. And we want to promote a shared understanding of individual and community responsibility to enable wellbeing and more people living well for longer.

What are the challenges?

Many of us are living longer, in better homes, with good social networks and in supportive communities. Nevertheless, one in five people have lived experience of a disability or long term health condition and we are experiencing increasing fragility and vulnerability in older age with the increasing numbers of older people placing more demand upon health and care services. The

number of over 65-year-olds has increased by 25% since 2011 and now forms 22.4% of the population, compared to an England average of 18.4%⁴.

For those living in our more deprived areas, health and wellbeing is often poor. Evidence⁵ shows that they live shorter lives than those in less deprived areas, and that they spend more of their lives experiencing ill health. This inevitably leads to more use of - and a greater cost to - the health and care system. For example, Accident and Emergency usage and costs are higher in more deprived areas:

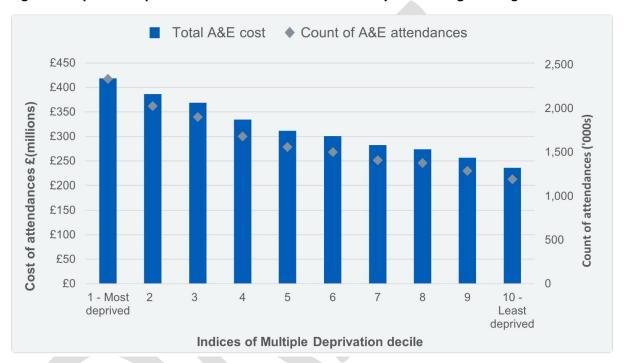


Figure 6. Impact of Deprivation on Acute Patient Level Activity and Costing - all England⁶

The pandemic has worsened existing challenges and created new ones, with potentially long-term health consequences for many people, adding to the demand pressures that health and social care services were already facing.

These demand pressures are stretching the workforce capacity and financial resources of all parts of the health and social care system, to the point at which it will become unsustainable if we do not change the way things are done. They are also leading to long delays for many people who need to access health and care services.

Causes of death

Across the United Kingdom, 2001-2018, leading causes of death have included lung cancer, ischaemic heart disease, influenza and pneumonia, dementia, chronic lower respiratory diseases and cerebrovascular diseases. In 2018, the leading cause of death in the UK was dementia, accounting

⁴ Census 2021 Available from: https://www.ons.gov.uk/visualisations/censuspopulationchange/E06000049/

⁵ Marmot et al. (2020) Build Back Fairer: The COVID-19 Marmot Review

⁶ Acute Patient Level Activity and Costing, 2019-20, NHS Digital, published online 11 Feb 2021

for 12.7% of all deaths registered. The leading cause of death in males in 2018 was ischaemic heart disease, whilst in females, it was dementia⁷.

Overall rates of healthy lifestyle behaviours are better in Cheshire East than the England average, but we have some communities where they are much worse⁸. The mortality rates for heart diseases in Cheshire East are similar to the England average^{7,9}. However, people in some areas of Crewe and Macclesfield have a significantly higher risk of early death from heart disease^{7,10}. Again, rates of cancer death are lower than the England average^{7,8}, but higher in some areas of Crewe and Macclesfield^{7,9}. Additionally, those living in our more deprived communities are more likely to die from a respiratory related disease^{7,9}. The excess under 75 mortality rate in people with severe mental illness in Cheshire East is worse than the England average⁷.

Our residents' views

Healthwatch Cheshire East's annual report 2021-2022 sets out several issues that are of most concern to our residents.

- Accessing GP services, including long waits to get through to reception and to get an appointment and mixed experience of telephone and video consultations
- Delays in referrals to other services and lack of information regarding timescales with a lack of clarity as to where the ownership lay to get the referral appointment sorted
- Concerns regarding the referral and waiting times to access mental health services
- The physical accessibility of health services because of limited or poor public transport links
- Lack of NHS dentistry provision and being pressured into paying for treatment as a result
- Limited support for carers

Being a carer

We acknowledge the pressure that being a carer can bring and will ensure that the *All Age Carers* Strategy for Cheshire East 2021-2025¹¹ guides our work and that we support the key delivery actions.

⁷ Office for National Statistics. Leading causes of death, UK: 2001 to 2018. Registered leading causes of death by age, sex and country. Available from:

https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/healthandsocialcare/causesofdeath/articles/leadingcausesofdeathuk/2001to2018#uk-leading-causes-of-death-data (Accessed 3 November 2022).

⁸Cheshire East Council (2022) Health Profiles for Electoral Wards Plus Primary Health and Social Care Areas. February 2021. Available from: https://www.cheshireeast.gov.uk/pdf/jsna/ward-profile-tartan-rug/tartan-rug-cec.pdf (Accessed 3 November 2022).

⁹ Office for Health Improvement and Disparities. Mortality Profiles. Available from:

https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/mortality-profile/data#page/1 (Accessed 3 November 2022).

¹⁰ Office for Health Improvement and Disparities. Local Health Profiles. Available from: https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/local-

 $[\]frac{health/data\#page/0/gid/1938133183/pat/401/par/E06000049/ati/8/are/E05008610/yrr/5/cid/4/tbm/1}{(Accessed 3 November 2022)}.$

¹¹ What is a carer (cheshireeast.gov.uk)

Figure 7. Key Delivery Actions, Cheshire East All Age Carers Strategy

Key Delivery Actions

To enable us to successfully deliver the All Age Carers Strategy for Cheshire East, several key delivery actions have been identified.

.....

We will develop an outcomes-based approach to carers and their cared for. Where services are provided for a carer they will also achieve a set of results for the cared for.

We will deliver outcomes through working with the joint commission of the Carers Hub Service and by the development and co-production of the All Age carers Strategy:

- · Identifying the outcomes that are expected to be achieved prior to making any referrals to services
- Contracting for services based on outcomes and then monitoring based on those outcomes e.g. joint commissioned carers service
- · Work collaboratively with our health partners to ensure seamless pathways to support our carers

The Strategic Outcomes

Outcome One: Cheshire East is a place that supports good health and wellbeing for everyone

Where we spend our daily lives, living, attending school, relaxing or playing, working, socialising has a significant influence on our health and wellbeing. We will work together to:

- Work with our local communities to enable them to be supportive with a strong sense of neighbourliness
- Support people to develop the life skills and get the education that will help them to thrive
- Help and support people to live independently for as long as possible
- Provide access to good cultural, leisure and recreational facilities
- Support active travel initiatives across the borough
- Ensure people have housing that is not detrimental to their health and wellbeing
- Support key employment sectors and local supply chains with health and care investment
- Pay particular attention to supporting those in our more deprived and rural communities and addressing specific issues they may face
- Support adults with learning disabilities and/or autism to have the same opportunities as anyone else to live satisfying and valued lives and, to be treated with the same dignity and respect.

Key deliverables

- Ensuring that health and wellbeing considerations are regarded as a core part of all work related to spatial planning, transport, housing, skills, employment and economic development
- Delivering the recommendations of the 'Living Well in Crewe Plan'
- Working together to support residents, staff, businesses and other partners through the cost-of-living crisis in particular those facing fuel and food poverty
- Working with local residents and partners to improve the quality of their living environment and access to existing green spaces in areas of higher deprivation.

- Working with the Safer Cheshire East Partnership to support vulnerable and at risk residents and supporting the work towards safer communities
- Commissioning and/or providing services that enable people to improve their health and wellbeing
- Prioritising new walking and cycling infrastructure in areas with higher levels of deprivation and promoting active travel
- Supporting the work to deliver air quality improvements set out within the Cheshire East Air Quality Strategy and Action Plan
- Apply the 'Health Pathfinder' model (in relation to domestic abuse) locally within health settings
- Further developing our approach to social value and our organisations' roles as 'anchor institutions'.

Indicators for success include to:

- Increase the percentage of people aged 16 to 64 in good employment
- Increase the number of people using outdoor spaces for exercise and physical activity
- Reduce the number of households that experience fuel poverty

Outcome two: Our children and young people experience good physical and emotional health and wellbeing

We want our children and young people to get the best start in life and to be supported at each stage of their development. This begins with:

- Supporting expectant mothers to have a healthy pregnancy
- Supporting new mothers with breastfeeding
- Having networks and services for families with pre-school children and prioritising school readiness
- We will focus upon reducing childhood obesity and building emotional wellbeing
- We will provide the right care for children with a learning disability and reduce waiting times for autism assessments
- We will support our disabled children and young people
- For children with cancer, we will strive to provide the best treatments that are available
- We will focus on the health and wellbeing of our most vulnerable children and young people, cared for children and care leavers.

Key deliverables

- · Completing the roll out of Family Hubs
- Working as a system to improve school readiness for all
- Reducing the inequalities in educational attainment between those children eligible and not eligible for free school meals
- Reducing school exclusions, offending and drug and alcohol abuse in young people
- Working together to support families most in need and improve household incomes and health outcomes for their children
- Maximising the numbers of young people in education, training or employment, boosting aspiration and engagement.

Indicators for success include to:

- Reduce child poverty and its impact on health and wellbeing
- Reduce the numbers of children with tooth decay
- Increase the rates of infants that continue to breastfeed at 6-8 weeks of age
- Increase the number of children reaching expected level of development at 2 2.5 years of age
- Reduce the numbers of 4 to 5 (reception) and 10 to 11 (Year 6) year olds who are overweight or obese
- Increase the numbers of 15-year-olds meeting the recommended 'five a day' fruit and veg
- Reduce the proportion of school pupils with social, emotional and mental health needs
- Maintain the low numbers of 16–17-year-olds not in education, employment or training or whose activity is not known.

Outcome three: The mental health and wellbeing of people living and working in Cheshire East is improved

Mental health includes our emotional, psychological and social wellbeing. It affects how we think, feel and act. It also determines how we handle stress, relate to others, make choices and our level of resilience. It is important at every stage of life.

We want to work towards:

- Our residents having improved emotional wellbeing and mental health through a focus upon prevention and early support
- There being access to mental health services that meet the needs of our population
- People do not feel isolated or lonely
- Communities providing opportunities for all people to integrate and feel a part of their 'place'
- Adults and children experiencing domestic abuse receiving support that reduces risk, meets their needs and enables long term recovery.

Key deliverables

- Implementation of the All-Age Mental Health Plan
- Assessing the levels of isolation across the borough and the impact of the Pandemic to inform the planning and delivery of appropriate interventions
- Improving access to prevention and early intervention signposting, guidance and advice
- Addressing the health inequalities faced by people with learning disabilities and autism
- Undertaking the severe mental illness health check self-assessment and draft an improvement action plan
- Ensuring we are well connected to the Cheshire and Merseyside ICB Mental Health Programme and Cheshire and Wirral Partnership's Community Mental Health Services Transformation Programme
- Support the delivery of the Cheshire East Domestic and Sexual Abuse Strategy
- Responding to the Cheshire and Merseyside Suicide Prevention Strategy and preparing a Cheshire East Suicide Action Plan.

Indicators for success include to:

• Increase the numbers of adults who report good wellbeing

- Increase the proportion of adult social care users who have as much social contact as they would like
- Increase the proportion of adult carers who have as much social contact as they would like
- Increase the proportion of adults in contact with secondary care mental health services living independently and who are in employment
- Reduce the levels of depression in adults
- Reduce the number of hospital stays for self-harm
- Reduce the number of suicides.

Outcome Four: That more people live and age well, remaining independent; and that their lives end with peace and dignity in their chosen place.

As has already been mentioned, we need to focus upon the causes of ill health (e.g. poor diet, smoking, drinking alcohol, lack of physical activity), rather than on the illness or disease that these cause (e.g. smoking increases the likelihood of heart disease, stroke, lung cancer and vascular dementia). Preventing ill health and disease enables more people to live well for longer.

We will act across the life-course, from childhood to older age focusing upon prevention and early intervention to address:

- Alcohol and substance misuse
- Smoking
- Physical activity
- Healthy eating
- Domestic abuse and sexual violence

When people have been unwell, we will work as a system to facilitate their return home with the appropriate support to continue their recovery and to help them maintain their independence for as long as possible.

We want every person within Cheshire East to get fair access to palliative and end of life care and support, regardless of who they are or the circumstances of their life. We want everyone with life limiting conditions to live well, before dying with peace and dignity in the place where they would like to die, supported by the people important to them.

Key deliverables:

- Delivering four collaborative health and wellbeing campaigns across all partners each year
- Continue our focus on cardiovascular and respiratory health, both preventative activity and more integrated support for those affected
- Implementing an 'All Together Active' delivery plan within Cheshire East
- Supporting the implementation of the 'Live Well for Longer Plan'
- Supporting the implementation of the *Dementia Strategy*
- Improving the availability and quality of green spaces in areas with higher levels of deprivation
- Working to improve the availability of community transport
- Supporting people with disabilities and/or long-term health conditions
- Evidence based commissioning of public health and preventative services in primary and secondary care

- Rolling out 'Making Every Contact Count' (MECC) across the workforce within the health and care system (including the voluntary, community, faith and social enterprise sector)
- Delivering the Home First Programme: Hospital prevention, which includes the Community 2 Hour Response, Virtual Wards, Falls Prevention, Rapid Home Care and Community Voluntary Sector support
- Identification of people who are likely to be in their last year of life
- Support people in their last year of life to develop a personalised care plan, making more likely that they will receive care and die in the place of their choice.

Indicators for success include to:

- Reduce the number of adults who are overweight or obese
- Increase the number of adults that are physically active
- Reduce the number of alcohol related admissions to hospital
- Increase the number of people successfully completing alcohol or drug treatment
- Increase the numbers of people eating the recommended 'five a day' fruit and veg on a 'usual day'
- Increase the number of people offered and accepting an NHS Health Check
- Increase the dementia diagnosis rates
- Improve the health-related quality of life for older people
- Reduce the numbers of older people who fall and need to be admitted to hospital
- People dying in their preferred place of death.

Our approach to achieve the strategic outcomes

Promoting wellbeing and preventing ill health

We want to support people to stay healthy with good mental and physical wellbeing for as long as possible. We want to enable people to live well for longer in their communities without the need for health and care services, where possible.

Empowering people to take responsibility for their own health and wellbeing throughout their lives will require coordinated work to ensure that people feel motivated and capable to promote their wellbeing. The provision of accessible information, advice and guidance, including through the Live Well Directory and via our system of social prescribers and community connectors will be core to this. It will also be important to provide sufficient opportunities within people's local area, enabling them to follow healthy lifestyles such as being more physically active.

As a system, we will also need to focus on addressing some of the root causes of ill health including **poor housing, poverty and poor education**, and work to build consensus on how each part of the system can play their part in addressing these causes, whether it is through more systematically signposting individuals to the support they need in relation to the root causes, working harder to reach people experiencing these challenges, or fundamental shifts in planning and regeneration work.

Wealth and Wellbeing

The strength of the economy of an area and its vitality and wealth generation directly contribute to the health and wellbeing of the community. We are making education, jobs and skills a key part of our strategic approach and will engage our businesses in conversations about their role in boosting the health and wellbeing of their workforce and the communities they serve.

As partners we will invest in our own community whenever this gives us the best outcomes and provides best value. We will maximise the additional benefits that can be created by delivering, procuring or commissioning goods and services in Cheshire East. We want our local economy and workforce to benefit from the funds we have to spend and through that spending that we:

- Enable people to be well in work by directly supporting their mental wellbeing
- Removing complex barriers to employment and financial independence
- Ensuring that the skills strategy opportunities extend to people who are not in work and face the greatest challenges in securing a job
- Promote employment and economic sustainability
- Raise living standards for local people
- Maximise digital inclusion
- Ensure that individuals and families have housing suitable for their needs
- Build the capacity and sustainability of the voluntary, community, faith and social enterprise sector
- Promote equity and fairness
- Promote environmental sustainability

Tackling Inequalities

Health inequalities are avoidable and unfair differences in health status between groups of people or communities. There are stark differences across Cheshire East that need to be addressed. For example, there is a noticeable difference in life expectancy of around 12.6 years between the lowest rates in Crewe Central and the highest in Gawsworth for women¹² and a 12.7 year gap between the lowest rate in Crewe Central and the highest in the Sandbach, Ettiley Heath and Wheelock ward for men¹³.

In general, there is more ill health in Crewe and parts of Macclesfield than in other areas. We know that this coincides with areas of deprivation, poorer housing, and lower educational achievement and employment. The numbers of people who smoke, drink and are obese are also correspondingly higher and pressures on primary, secondary and social care services are similarly higher.

Tackling these long-standing inequalities is not easy but is more likely through a holistic system wide approach that recognises and responds to the different inter-related challenges. NHS England has introduced a new approach to tackling healthcare inequalities for adults¹⁴ and children¹⁵ In addition the Cheshire and Merseyside Integrated Care System has committed to reducing inequalities and endorsed the 'All Together Fairer: health equity and the social determinants of health in Cheshire and

¹² https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/local-

 $[\]frac{health/data\#page/3/gid/1938133185/pat/401/par/E06000049/ati/8/are/E05008610/iid/93283/age/1/sex/2/cat/-1/ctp/-1/yrr/5/cid/4/tbm/1/page-options/car-do-0$

¹³ https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/local-

 $[\]frac{health/data\#page/6/gid/1938133185/pat/401/par/E06000049/ati/8/are/E05008610/iid/93283/age/1/sex/1/cat/-1/ctp/-1/yrr/5/cid/4/tbm/1/page-options/car-do-0$

¹⁴ NHS England » Core20PLUS5 (adults) – an approach to reducing healthcare inequalities

¹⁵ NHS England » Core20PLUS5 – An approach to reducing health inequalities for children and young people

Merseyside' report and its recommendations. Each 'Place' will be supported to address its local inequalities and implement the recommendations most useful to the issues that need addressing locally.

Our approach to reducing inequalities in Cheshire East will be led through the Increasing Equalities Commission.

Identifying markers of success and monitoring these through the Joint Outcomes Framework

A consensus building process has been undertaken to identify 12 key outcome indicators through which to monitor progress, towards our vision, across the Cheshire East health and care system. These include:

Overarching indicators

- Life expectancy at birth
- Healthy life expectancy at birth

Creating a place to promote health and well being

- Long-term unemployment
- Proportion of households in fuel poverty

Physical and mental wellbeing in children

- Percentage of children achieving a good level of development at 2-2.5 years (as a key contributor to mental wellbeing)
- Prevalence of overweight (including obesity) at year 6
- Smoking status at time of delivery

Mental wellbeing

- Social isolation: percentage of adult social care users who have as much social contact as they would like
- Social isolation: percentage of adult carers who have as much social contact as they would like
- Emergency hospital admissions for intentional self-harm

Live well for longer

- Percentage of physically active adults
- Admission episodes for alcohol-specific admissions.

These indicators will form the first of two parts of a Joint Outcomes Framework. The second part of the Framework will focus on additional indicators to monitor local progress in relation to the *Cheshire East Five-Year Health and Care Service Delivery Plan*. The Joint Outcomes Framework as a whole, will continue to evolve over the coming years, influenced by: emergent findings within the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment; community insights; Cheshire and Merseyside intelligence, progress in relation to the Delivery Plan; and developments in what we are readily able to measure.

Importantly, the purpose of the Outcomes Framework is **not to** monitor and evaluate all core activity and transformation across the health and care system. However, there is a recognition across Cheshire East Place, that sustained focus on the above 12 specific outcomes, and inequalities across these, is required in order to demonstrate progress towards achieving the overarching vision outlined in this strategy.

A new way of working to meet changing needs

The make-up of our population continues to change and our plans for services need to reflect this. The economic regeneration of Crewe, arrival of HS2 and significant levels of housebuilding will bring in working age families to parts of the borough. Elsewhere we have fast growing cohorts of older people and our health and care services need to be ready to meet the needs of people with increasing frailty, multiple medical conditions and increasing levels of dementia.

New ways of working will be key to achieving better outcomes for our residents and meeting the changing and increasing demands. We also need to make the most of new technology, medicines and treatments that will improve health and wellbeing and make it easier to access health and care services when needed.

Our assumptions and planning will be tailored to promoting wellbeing and preventing illness, where possible and to supporting and empowering people to live with and manage frailty and several health conditions more effectively at home and in their communities. Local teams of health and social care professionals, working in partnership with families and carers, partners, will enable better co-ordinated care.

Through a detailed analysis of our population and local health and care needs, four areas of focus have been agreed, that will be designed around the individual:

Figure 8: Person centred care



This work will inform and influence how we develop our service improvement work. To achieve our aspirations new ways of working, enhanced workforce skills and a commitment to delivering differently will all be required.

Our Care Communities

We have established eight Care Communities across Cheshire East (see map 1 above), with staff from GP practices, community and hospital services, social care, other public sector organisations and the voluntary, community, faith and social enterprise sector working together more effectively. These have already proved their worth through the Pandemic. They have a common 'core service' but can add to that to reflect specific local priorities, needs and difference.

A tailored local service will be on offer which means:

- We can proactively identify people at high risk of needing services, intervene early and quickly to prevent their situation worsening
- We can empower people to self-care and better support their families and carers
- We can make better use of the different professionals working in therapies, pharmacies, social and primary care
- We can recognise the existing strong local relationships, skills and connections and support them to grow and flourish.

The Care Communities will be providing services that will result in fewer people needing to be in hospital and their hospital stays being shorter because there is more provision in the community. The hospitals will be able to focus on those with the most serious health issues and those needing urgent emergency treatment.

The Care Communities model will allow services to focus upon the individual, supported by family and friends within their local communities. We will be able to link in more closely and in partnership with other resources and assets in the community that can impact upon health and wellbeing, such as housing, leisure activity, green spaces, community transport and local social groups.

We will increase our support to communities and opportunities to volunteer (for example 'People Helping People') by providing information, infrastructure, networks and skills to help local groups and social enterprises to grow. This will enable our communities to become more enterprising and resilient, reducing dependency and enable the more deprived areas to address the inequalities impacting on their lives.

The 'Next steps for integrating primary care: Fuller stocktake report'¹⁶ sets out several recommendations as part of its 'Framework for shared action' that will influence the development of the Care Communities and the work of the Primary Care Networks. These will be incorporated into the delivery plan.

Integrated health and care services – working together for you

At the heart of the Care Community ethos is integration, joining up different parts of the health and care services to provide a better experience and better outcomes for those we care for.

This approach is bringing teams together for their local populations. We will match the right care with a patient's needs and use integrated case management to allow people who are older, with longer term conditions, complex needs or mental illness to access services through a single point of

¹⁶ NHS England » Next steps for integrating primary care: Fuller stocktake report

contact and benefit from a co-ordinated multi-agency team of professionals working to a single assessment, a single care plan and through a single key worker.

The same approach will be taken as people near the end of their life. The care provided through community teams, care homes, hospices and hospitals will whenever possible, be planned and personalised for people with life limiting conditions, allowing them to live well before dying with peace and dignity in the place of their choice.

Going digital

Achieving the step-change in prevention and early intervention and the delivery of services will require effective use of technology and digital solutions. We will use technology to support people to take responsibility for their own health and wellbeing. Our teams and services will be equipped with the data, digital tools and equipment that they need to work efficiently and effectively in an agile and flexible way.

However, we are very conscious that some people are digitally excluded. *Our Digital Inclusion Plan* will set out how we will support people to get online and, where that is not possible, or they choose not to, ensure that they are not excluded from being able to access or receive services.

Building the right health and care workforce

Our workforce in health and social care in Cheshire East totals over 20,000 people; just over 11,000 in social care and 9,000 in our NHS organisations but recruitment and retention remains a significant challenge.

Our Workforce and Organisational Development strategy is being further developed as our changing clinical models evolve with the aspiration to have a single workforce strategy and plan for health and care services across the Cheshire East Place. We already know we will have great difficulty recruiting care workers, GPs, nurses and consultants, so our strategy will include the development of services that can be delivered by other health and social care professionals.

We are placing a special focus upon future workforce supply, recruitment and retention across Cheshire East and ensuring system-wide leadership development takes place to enhance the capabilities of those leading that workforce.

We are concerned about being able to provide safe and recommended levels of staffing both now and in the era of seven-day services. We will consider how we develop services, so they are both safely staffed, rewarding places to work and accessible to local people.

The Care Communities People Plan has recently been published and sets out six areas of focus with action plans:

- Growing our workforce
- New ways of working
- Creating a healthy leadership culture
- Caring for our people
- Innovation
- Learning and development

This will form the basis for the Care Communities workforce development and will be an essential part of the overall Place Workforce and Organisational Development strategy.

Using taxpayers' money wisely

The NHS in Cheshire East spends nearly £700 million, but its income is £655 million. The deficit has arisen, in part because of the increasing demands on the system that have outpaced budget availability. Similarly, all local authority services have faced very considerable financial challenges in recent years and increasing demand in both adult and children's social care. Inflationary pressures have added additional stress across health and care budgets in the last year. Cheshire East Council spends some £185 million on adults and children's social care, public health and community services.

The financial resources of the Cheshire East Place will remain stretched and we need to focus on keeping people healthy and supported in their own communities for as long as possible to avoid more costly medical or social care interventions. Our plans will change the balance between care in our acute hospitals and care in the community. We will increase the range and choice of care provided in people's homes and in community pharmacies, local clinics and primary care centres. Wherever possible we want to be able to support people to stay at home and only have to go into hospital or residential care if absolutely necessary. Our future investments will be focussed upon keeping people well and as independent as possible.

To get the most out of the taxpayers' investment in the NHS and social care we will continue working with health and care professionals to identify ways to improve services and reduce duplication. We will make better use of our combined buying power to get commonly used products more cheaply. We will make sure that the Cheshire East pound is invested in the health and care of our population effectively, efficiently and accountably.

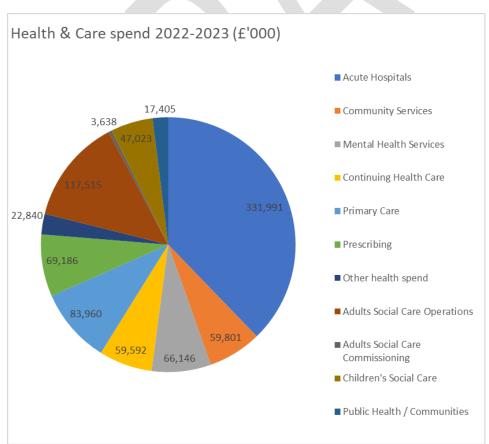


Figure 9. Health and care spend in Cheshire East 2022-2023

Taking Action

This Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy will be supported by the Partnership's *Five-Year Health and Care Service Delivery Plan* that will bring together the key elements of our improvement plans.

There is significant demand and need for services in Cheshire East, a combination of local demand pressures, coupled with the impact of preventable ill health and deaths and reducing funding, all of which combines to put pressure on the health and care system.

There is already a lot of work taking place to facilitate and support greater collaboration (for example through the Care Communities and closer working between our hospitals and social care colleagues) and we will build upon this to connect programmes of work to achieve improved health and wellbeing.

The term 'place-based' health is becoming increasingly used and recognises the need to focus on support and services for communities and that are 'closer to home'. It also acknowledges the importance of education, jobs and housing in shaping people's health and wellbeing, more so than any health and care services that might be accessed. Our focus will be upon individuals, supported by families and friends and the wider community. All the resources and assets available in a 'Place' should be used to establish and maintain those building blocks of good health and wellbeing.

The increased emphasis on prevention and early intervention will require us to organise our services differently and work more collaboratively as a system, helping people to stay independent and to live well for longer.

Every community in Cheshire East is different and local solutions will reflect local circumstances and challenges, but **our actions will be underpinned by five shared commitments**:

Integrated and empowered communities:

Individuals will be enabled to live healthier and happier lives in their communities with minimal support. Our services will focus on people's capabilities, what they can do, not what they can't! We will have a joint approach to building capacity in the community with a focus upon reducing social isolation. We will extend the use of personalisation and assistive technology to help people stay in their own homes. We will look to address the root causes of disadvantage.

Integrated case management:

Individuals with complex needs - including older people with longer term conditions, families with different and complicated needs and those with mental illness will access services through a single point of contact and benefit from their needs being managed and co-ordinated through a multiagency team of professionals working to a single assessment, a single care plan and with a single allocated key worker.

Integrated commissioning:

People with complex needs will have access to services that have a proven track record of reducing the need for longer term care. This will be enabled by interventions such as intermediate care, reablement, mental health services, drug and alcohol support and housing with support options.

Integrated enablers:

We will take a joint approach to information sharing and digital solutions and adopt a funding and contracting model that focuses upon outcome or population-based commissioning models. We will

utilise pooled budgets to enhance community-based services and a joint approach to workforce development to recruit, develop and retain staff.

Being carbon neutral:

We recognise that climate change is the most significant health and human rights issue facing us today, and the transition to net zero is an opportunity to tackle inequalities and the wider determinants of health. It is an approach that is fundamentally important to the future survival of all of us, the population, and the planet. Cheshire East Council and NHS organisations have in place 'Green Plans' setting out how we will work to combine net zero carbon ambitions with broader social priorities to reduce health inequalities, enhance wellbeing and provide support across our community. The term social value means different things to different people depending to the context. For us it means improving the economic and environmental benefits for the people who connect with our services. It means tackling poverty and inequality. It means improving the health and wellbeing of the Cheshire East population. It means making the very best use of every penny we spend to ensure the long-term financial stability of the system, so we can provide the best possible standard of health and care to our residents.

We will consider the work of the Cheshire and Warrington Sustainable and Inclusive Growth Commission and how their priorities link to those set out within this Strategy.

Conclusion

The issues raised within this document are complex and longstanding and will take many years to address. There is much work to do. However, with sustained commitment from professionals and communities alike, and approaches that empower, inspire and reflect on lessons from the past, change is possible. It is also essential. We look forward to working together.